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Topic: Biliary & Pancreas

STANDARDIZED ROBOTIC PANCREATICODUODENECTOMY TECHNIQUES IN

CHINESE PEOPLE'S LIBERATION ARMY GENERAL HOSPITAL(PLAGH)

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Background: Robotic pancreaticoduodenectomy(RPD) is a complex procedure limited to specialized centers. Over the

years, more than 2000 RPD have been performed in Chinese PLA General Hospital, leading to continuous standardization

and refinement of techniques.

Methods: An stepwise protocol was established and standardized, emphasizing innovations such as the 'port-in-port'

trocar placement, the 'uncinate-first' dissection approach, and advanced reconstruction techniques, including the "301

techniques" for pancreatojejunostomy and the 'L-port' approach for gastrojejunostomy. A case example of a 51-year-old

female diagnosed with ampullary tumour will be presented to illustrate the practical application of these techniques .

Results: The operative time for the case was 235 minutes, with a blood loss of 30 mls. Patient recovered uneventfully and

was discharged 8 days after surgery .Final pathology revealed a moderately to poorly differentiated ampullary

adenocarcinoma with perineural invasion, 0/19 lymph nodes.

Conclusions: The experience of over 2000 robotic PD has enabled the development of a standardized approach to RPD,

improving safety, efficiency and reproducibility. The integration of the 'port-in-port" 'uncinate first', "301techniques' and 'L-

port" methods establishes a framework for expanding RPD's adoption. The presented case video highlights these

advancements in practice.

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